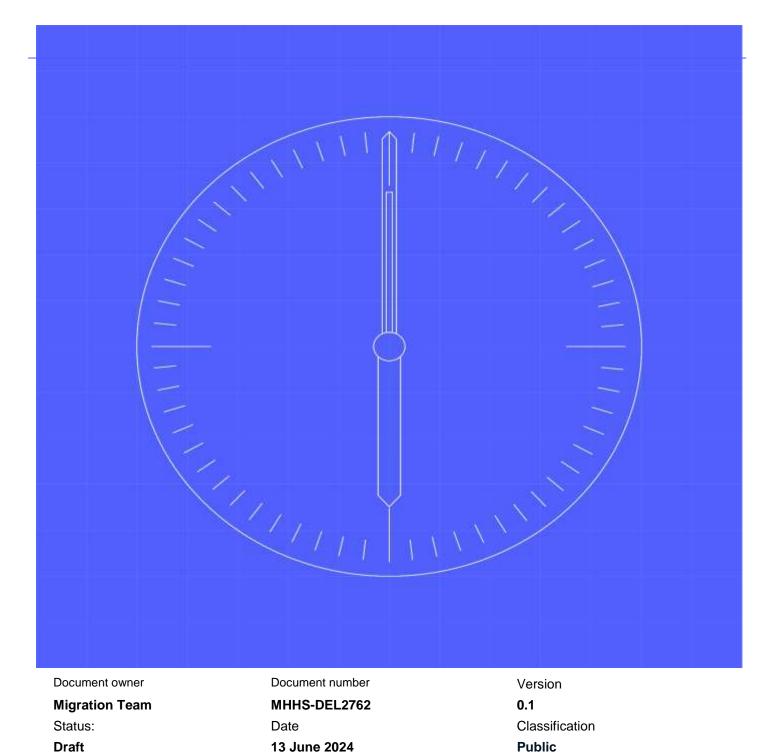


[06] Migration Governance and Escalation Framework



MHHS PROGRAMME Industry-led, Elexon facilitated

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1.2 Change Record

| Date | Author | Version | Change Detail |
|------------|----------------|---------|------------------------------------|
| 13/06/2024 | Migration Team | v0.1 | Migration Framework Consultation 2 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

1.3 References

| Document | Publisher | Published | Additional Information |
|--|-----------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| REF-1 MHS-DEL2426-[01] Migration Framework Foundations v1.1 | Migration Team | 13/06/2024 | Migration FW |
| REF-2 MHHS-DEL2427-[02] Migration Framework - Principles and | Migration Team | 13/06/2024 | Migration FW |
| Guidelines v1,1 | | | |
| REF-3 MHHS-DEL2428-[03] Migration Capacity Calculations - Method | Migration Team | 13/06/2024 | Migration FW |
| Statements v1.1 | | | |
| REF-4 MHHS-DEL2429-[03a] Migration Capacity Calculations - Param | neters Migration Team | 13/06/2024 | Migration FW |
| v1.1 | | | |
| REF-5 MHHS-DEL2430-[04] Migration Requirements and Processes v1 | .1 Migration Team | 13/06/2024 | Migration FW |
| REF-6 MHHS-DEL2431-[04a] Migration Business Process Models v1.1 | Migration Team | 13/06/2024 | Migration FW |
| REF-7 MHHS-DEL2762-[05] Migration Choreography v0.1 | Migration Team | 13/06/2024 | Migration FW |
| REF-8 MHHS-DEL2763-[06] Migration Governance and Escalation | Migration Team | 13/06/2024 | Migration FW |
| Framework v0.1 | | | |
| REF-9 MHHS-DEL2764[07] Migration Data Requirements and Reports | s v0.1 Migration Team | 13/06/2024 | Migration FW |
| REF-10 MHHS-DEL961 – Migration Design Document v1.3 | Migration Team | 03/04/2023 | |
| REF-11 MHHS-DEL953 – Data Assessment Report | Migration Team | 21/02/2023 | |
| REF-12 MHHS-DEL1128 – Migration, Cutover and Data Strategy v1.0 | Migration Team | 02/06/2023 | |
| REF-13 MHHS-DEL1648 - Migration Thresholds Document v1.0 | Migration Team | 20/11/2023 | |
| REF-14 MHHS-DEL813 – Overarching Test Data Approach and Plan | Testing Team | 19/07/2023 | |
| REF-15 MHHS-DEL1181 – Data Cleanse Plan v2.1 | Migration Team | 04/06/2024 | |
| REF-16 MHHS-DEL1792 - M15 Acceptance Criteria v1.0 | Migration Team | 13/12/2023 | |

1.4 Terminology

| Term | Description |
|---|---|
| BAU Process This refers to a process within the MHHS arrangements as set out w MHHS Core Design. | |
| BSC | Balancing and Settlement Code |
| Central Services / Systems | MHHS Programme term referring to the parties and systems that comprise the supporting infrastructure for MHHS business processes and services, namely the Elexon Central Services, Electricity Enquiry Service, Data Service Provider, Central Switching Service, Data Transfer Network, and the Data Integration Platform. |
| СоА | Change of Agent |

| Term | Description | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| CoS | Change of Supplier | | | | | |
| CSS | Central Switching Service | | | | | |
| Daily Planned Migration | This is an industry-wide limit on the maximum planned for number of migrations | | | | | |
| Threshold | that can take place on a given day under normal circumstances. | | | | | |
| | The approach and activities required to improve and populate data prior to | | | | | |
| Data Cleanse Plan | Migration start. | | | | | |
| DC | Data Collector | | | | | |
| DIP | Data Integration Platform | | | | | |
| DS | Data Service | | | | | |
| DSP | Data Services Provider | | | | | |
| ECS | Elexon Central Services | | | | | |
| EES | Electricity Enquiry Service | | | | | |
| Export MPAN | An MPAN that exports energy to the grid from a premises. | | | | | |
| Ecoward Migration | The process through which MPANs will move from legacy arrangements to | | | | | |
| Forward Migration | MHHS arrangements. | | | | | |
| IDNO | Independent Distribution Network Operator | | | | | |
| Import MPAN | An MPAN that imports energy from the grid to a premises | | | | | |
| ISD | Industry Standing Data | | | | | |
| LDSO | Licensed Distribution System Operator | | | | | |
| LDSO Portfolio | Limits set for each LDSO based on the size of their portfolio, ensuring balanced | | | | | |
| Thresholds | migration across different operators | | | | | |
| Thesholds | See MHHS-DEL1648 - Migration Thresholds Document v1.0 | | | | | |
| | The existing arrangements set out under the BSC and REC. For the purposes of | | | | | |
| Legacy Arrangements | the Migration Design, this is primarily the REC Metering Services Schedule and | | | | | |
| | the Balancing and Settlement Procedures related to Data Collection. | | | | | |
| MCC | Migration Control Centre | | | | | |
| MHHS | Market-Wide Half-Hourly Settlement | | | | | |
| MHHS Arrangements | The new MHHS arrangements as set out in the MHHS Core Design Artefacts. | | | | | |
| | The technical articulation of how MPANs will move from legacy to new MHHS | | | | | |
| Migration Design | arrangements. | | | | | |
| | See MHHS-DEL961 – Migration Design Document v1.3 | | | | | |
| Migration Period | The period denoted by the Programme as occurring between the M11 and M15 | | | | | |
| | milestones. | | | | | |
| Migration Planning and | Application to be developed for use by the MCC to manage the end to end | | | | | |
| Management Tool | migration process | | | | | |
| (MPMT) | Matan On anatan | | | | | |
| MOP | Meter Operator | | | | | |
| MPAN | Meter Point Administration Number | | | | | |
| MPID | Market Participant Identifier | | | | | |
| MS | Metering Service | | | | | |
| MWG | Migration Working Group | | | | | |
| NFR | Non-Functional Requirement | | | | | |
| Primary MPAN | The MPAN, within a Related MPAN arrangement, for which a Switch is initiated, | | | | | |
| | or a forward migration (via an IF-031) is initiated. | | | | | |
| Qualified Supplier | A Supplier recognised in ISD as both having passed the relevant BSC | | | | | |
| Qualified Supplier | qualification requirements; and declared that their service is operational within | | | | | |
| | the MHHS arrangements. The Registration Service is the LDSO service that holds Meter point standing | | | | | |
| | data information about each MPAN within its Distribution Region. Data includes | | | | | |
| Registration Service | the BRP the processing and metering services appointed to the MPAN. It also | | | | | |
| Tregionalion Oct MCC | includes information on the type of customer, the Measurement Class, | | | | | |
| | Energisation Status and Line Loss Factor Class. | | | | | |
| REC | Retail Energy Code | | | | | |
| The process through which MPANs will move from MHHS arrangements to | | | | | | |
| Reverse Migration | legacy arrangements. | | | | | |
| | logaoy anangomonio. | | | | | |

| Term | Description | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Secondary MPAN | The MPAN, within a Related MPAN arrangement, for which a forward migration occurs when an IF-031 is received for a Primary MPAN. | | | |
| Switch The process by which a new Supplier Registration supersedes an existing Supplier Registration, managed by the CSS. | | | | |
| Upper Migration ThresholdThis is an industry-wide limit on the maximum number of migrations that take place on a given day under exceptional circumstances. See MHHS-DEL1648 - Migration Thresholds Document v1.0 | | | | |
| Supplier Capacity Envelope (Envelope) | A daily profile covering the whole migration period detailing the maximum number of migrations a given Supplier in a LDSO may undertake. This also includes the submission rules for a Supplier's deminimus category submissions. | | | |
| Supplier Submission | A Supplier's forward view of planned migrations at LDSO level that falls within the Supplier Capacity Envelope provided and includes all MPANs within their portfolio. | | | |

2 Introduction

2.1 **Purpose of the Document**

This document sets out the Migration Governance and Escalation Framework overseen by the Migration Control Centre (MCC) during the execution phase of the Migration between Milestones M11 and M15.

The Migration Governance and Escalation Framework is required to ensure that Suppliers adhere to their migration plans and baselined Migration schedules within the MCC framework.

The Migration Governance and Escalation Framework will enable the MCC to govern and enact measures and interventions as defined in this document.

Note: The Migration Governance and Escalation Framework should not be confused with the BSC MHHS Governance. Framework

This document outlines the following:

- Migration Governance Framework Scope
- Migration Governance Framework Requirements
- Migration Governance Framework Approach
- Migration Governance Escalation Framework
- Thresholds and Tolerances
- Other Escalation Triggers
- Incident Triaging and Classification
- Migration Governance Meetings and Reporting

3 Scope

The Migration Governance and Escalation Framework scope covers deviations from baselined Supplier Migration Plans as a result of behaviours which are not as a result of external factors such as Central Systems issues. A Triage process shall be identified to address incidents in order of magnitude. Suppliers and Agent Incidents shall be reported and monitored.

The scope does not cover Operational Performance of Central Services or Registration Services. Central Services and Registration Services have existing SLAs and KPIs and are therefore out of scope. The MCC will, however, require reports from those parties to actively monitor the Migration and ensure Migrating Parties have resources to meet their Migration needs.

Furthermore, The MCC will require Central Service incidents to be reported in a timely manner to assess the impact on Participant Migration Plans.

4 Migration Governance Framework Requirements

The Migration Governance Framework has several requirements where Suppliers are not complying with their Migration Schedules.

4.1.1 Tracking

The MCC shall track deviations from Baselined Supplier Submissions at Supplier Market Participant Identifier (MPID) and LDSO MPID.

4.1.2 Random Fluctuations against the Supplier Baselined Submissions

Random fluctuations shall be monitored by the MCC but will not trigger any actions by the MCC should they remain within the tolerances. Random fluctuations in completed Migrations against the schedules are expected due to a number of issues including migrations that have failed due to data issues or other unexpected situations.

4.1.3 Reporting of Migration Issues

Migration issues that are likely to cause significant migration shortfalls shall be reported by Participants immediately such that the unused capacity can be re-allocated to other Suppliers.

4.1.4 Tolerances

Tolerances shall be defined against which Supplier migrations will trigger escalations to correct/ adjust the Suppliers migration status.

4.1.5 Escalation Processes and Consequences

The Migration Governance Framework shall set out how such escalations are treated when poor Supplier performance is identified.

The Migration Governance Framework shall set out the governance relating to different levels of poor performance.

4.1.6 Migration Governance Equitability

The Migration Governance Framework shall apply to all migrating parties regardless of their size.

The Migration Governance Framework will not distinguish between Suppliers that have been issued Submission Envelopes and deminimus Suppliers.

4.1.7 MCC Interventions

The Migration Governance Framework shall set out the interventions that the MCC will have to enact on migrating Party performance issues.

5 Governance Framework Approach

5.1 Process

The framework has the following 'TIER' process:

- Track
- Inform
- Evaluate
- Rectify

5.2 Track (T)

The Migration Control Centre (MCC) is responsible for continuously tracking and analysing suppliers' migration performance against their submitted and approved migration plans.

The MCC will develop automated tools within the Migration Planning and Modelling Tool (MPMT) to flag discrepancies between planned and actual migrations.

The MCC will track the number of initiated, failed and completed migrations. See

- MHHS-DEL2764--[07] Migration Data Requirements and Reports
- MHS-DEL2426-[01] Migration Framework Foundations v1.1

Objective: To continuously monitor and compare Suppliers' planned migrations against their actual migration submissions.

Steps:

- Daily monitoring of migration data submissions.
- Identification and reporting of any deviations from planned migrations.
- Aggregation, analysis and reporting of deviations over-time to identify patterns of deviations

The MCC will track Supplier Migration Performance and deviations from the plan as follows:

- Deviations from Supplier submitted daily migration plans compared to supplier actual daily submissions.
- Deviations against Migration Plans are tracked at both a Rolling Daily Cumulative Level and Daily Level:
 - Large Daily deviations that could cause immediate breach of LDSO and Supplier Migration Thresholds as out in MHHS-DEL1648 - Migration Thresholds Document v1.0 or could result in lost migration capacity.
 - Small Daily deviations may not cause significant impacts but the cumulative impacts could mean a Party may not achieve their Migration Plan.
- Deviations will consider pre-agreed migration tolerances before triggering the defined escalation process.

5.3 Inform (I)

Suppliers will be required / mandated to proactively report significant shortfalls in migration that could affect overall schedule adherence immediately to the MCC as soon as they become aware.

The MCC and MPMT shall triage reported incidents and facilitate the reporting of such incidents and automatically escalate them based on predefined criteria.

Objective: For suppliers to proactively report expected deviations from their planned migrations, and reasons for actual deviations enabling adjustments and capacity reallocation for the current migration sprint.

- Suppliers submit immediate notifications to the MCC regarding any deviations, expected and actual.
- Log reports

5.4 Evaluate (E)

The MCC expects fluctuations in a Suppliers' migrations against their baselined schedules. These may be due to factors such as portfolio churn, numbers of errors accumulated from previous submitted migrations.

- Establish tolerances for acceptable variances between scheduled and completed migrations.
- Variances falling outside these tolerances will trigger automated alerts within the MPMT, prompting further review for potential escalations.
- Upon triggering an escalation tolerance, the MCC shall conduct an initial review to understand the underlying causes, such as data issues or operational setbacks and use a Deviation Tolerance Level as set out below.
- Systematic and Egregious Deviations shall require interventions that are more significant.

Objective: To assess the severity of deviations based on tracked data, and reported information, and to determine the appropriate level of escalation:

- to Evaluate deviations against predefined tolerances then assign a deviation severity;
- to Escalate significant deviations requiring more immediate action; and
- to Document and report evaluation and escalation events.

5.5 Rectify (R)

Objective: To implement measures based on the level of escalation, addressing the deviation to minimise potential loss of migration capacity and ensure fair and appropriate handling of non-compliance.

- Development of a corrective action plan, including specific measures tailored to the nature and severity of the deviation.
- Implementation of interventions and corrective actions, which shall include but will not be limited to:
 - Identification of a correction window within which it is expected the Parties will aim to get back on track against the baselined plan;
 - re-allocation of migration capacity to other migrating Parties within the LDSO MPID;
 - o modification of future migration plans to allow rectification of shortfalls;
 - Escalating to appropriate Programme and Regulatory Governance with details of deviation and impacts/risk cause to migration milestones.
- Monitoring the effectiveness of corrective actions and making adjustments as necessary.

6 Governance Escalation Framework

6.1 Triggering an Escalation

The Governance Framework will set out three levels of Daily or Cumulative Tolerances:

- Level 1 Minor / ad-hoc deviations;
- Level 2 Moderate deviations, recurring deviations; and
- Level 3 Significant deviations, systematic deviations or recurring non-compliance.



Figure 1 - Daily or Cumulative Tolerance Levels

Deviation Tolerance Levels shall be assigned based on the scale and nature of the deviation.

6.2 Tolerance Breach Level 1

Detailed Description

Minor / ad-hoc deviations

- Random fluctuations where Level 2 and 3 tolerances not exceeded or
- Irregular/intermittent deviations / No identifiable adverse trend

Action

• Monitor and seek clarification from Supplier where required.

6.3 Tolerance Breach Level 2

Detailed Description

Moderate deviations, recurring deviations:

• Level 2 tolerance exceeded. See Example in Appendix A.

or

Identifiable adverse trend

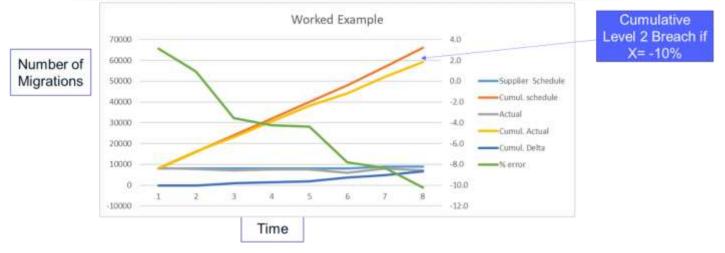
Action

• Requires enhanced additional commination / support to address underlying issues.

- Agreement of a Correction Window with the MCC.
- Capacity re-allocation (ceded capacity confirmed by Supplier).
- Report from Suppliers on why deviations occurred.

6.4 Tolerance Breach Level 2 – Worked Example

| Day/ Week | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Supplier Schedule | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 | 9000 | 9000 |
| Cumul. schedule | 8000 | 16000 | 24000 | 32000 | 40000 | 48000 | 57000 | 66000 |
| Actual | 8250 | 7900 | 7000 | 7500 | 7600 | 6000 | 8000 | 7000 |
| Cumul. Actual | 8250 | 16150 | 23150 | 30650 | 38250 | 44250 | 52250 | 59250 |
| Cumul. Delta | -250 | -150 | 850 | 1350 | 1750 | 3750 | 4750 | 6750 |
| % error | 3.1 | 0.9 | -3.5 | -4.2 | -4.4 | -7.8 | -8.3 | -10.2 |





6.5 Tolerance Breach Level 3

Detailed Description

Significant deviations, systematic deviations or recurring non-compliance

• Level 3 tolerances exceeded. See Example in Appendix A.

and/or

• Regular breaches / Strong Identifiable adverse trend

Action

- Higher level escalation to delegated Authorities/ Programme governance / Parties outside the MCC.
- Additional communication / support to address underlying issues to indicate severity.
- Mandatory remediation plans, and increased oversight.
- Capacity re-allocation to other Suppliers may be sanctioned (ceded capacity taken from Supplier).
- Reduction in future Supplier Capacity Allocation

7 Tolerances

The Tolerances for escalations and the escalation routes will be set out in a later consultation.

8 Other Escalation Triggers

This covers escalation for non-compliance with the Migration Framework

The Governance Framework will also escalate Parties for other reasons not connected to deviations from the baselined Submissions. These include:

- Escalations for disengaged Suppliers
- Escalations for Parties not adhering to the Requirements, Principles and Processes in the Migration Framework
- Escalations for Suppliers that do not provide Supplier Submissions
- Escalations for Suppliers that do not provide valid Supplier Submissions
- Escalations for failure to report issues and incidents
- Escalations if data quality issues are not addressed

9 Incident Triaging and Classification

The following are the Incident Priority Classifications:

| Rating | Incident Priority | Description |
|--------|--------------------------------------|---|
| P0 | External Disruption (Variable) | Incidents outside the standard classification due to their nature, such as natural disasters or geopolitical events. |
| P1 | Critical | Severe incidents that cause complete service disruption to a large number of Live MHHS Migration activities or critically impact key related operations. Requires immediate, coordinated and comprehensive response efforts. |
| P2 | High | Significantly impact the quality of Live MHHS Migration operations but do not completely halt the migration process. Requires action to prevent escalation to critical status. |
| Р3 | Moderate | Affect a limited aspect of the Live MHHS Migration activities, with moderate impact. Resolution can be planned while the overall Migration remains operational. Requires workarounds / tactical options to be deployed within reasonable timescales. More permanent fixes may be evaluated and deployed as required. |
| P4 | Low | Minor issues that have minimal impact on the Live MHHS Migration activities. Can be resolved at the next maintenance opportunity or remain on the backlog for suitable opportunity to deploy based on value. |

The incidents will be categorised as follows:

| Category | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Operational Readiness | failures or delays in participant readiness |
| Compliance and Governance | non-compliance to governance or regulation |
| External Disruption | large-scale disruptions due to external events |
| Participant Performance | inadequate performance or non-engagement |
| MCC Performance | governance and coordination |
| Technical and System Capacity | technical failures or system capacity shortcomings |

10 Governance Meetings and Reporting

Each Sprint will have regular MHHS Governance Meetings with Suppliers to review performance, discuss challenges, and agree on proactive steps including:

- Communication of Escalations.
- Communication of Measures taken.

Details to be covered in a later consultation.

10.1 Governance and Escalation Feedback and Continuous Improvement:

The MCC will continuously refine the governance and escalation framework based on lessons learned and the evolving migration landscape, participant behaviour and migration telemetry.

11 Appendix A

11.1 Level 2 Tolerance Breach Example



Figure 3 - Level 2 Tolerance Breach Example

11.2 Level 2 Tolerance Breach Example Correction Window

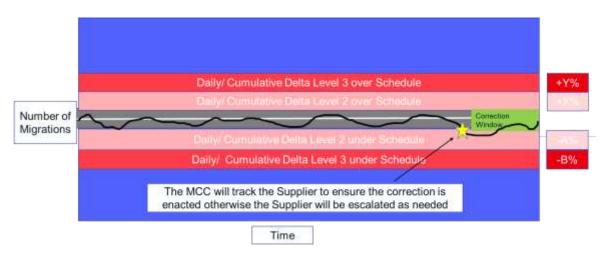


Figure 4 - Level 2 Tolerance Breach Example Correction Window

11.3 Level 3 Tolerance Breach Example



Figure 5 - Level 3 Tolerance Breach Example